

Ex. 2.

4. $\mathcal{P} \Rightarrow \mathcal{Q}$:

Let $(z_1, z_2) \in \mathbb{C}^2$. Par hyp.:

$$\forall (a, b) \in \mathbb{C}^2, |a+b| \leq |a| + |b|.$$

Put $a = z_1 - z_2$ et $b = z_2$, we have

$$|z_1| = |z_1 - z_2 + z_2| \leq |z_1 - z_2| + |z_2|$$

due $|z_1| - |z_2| \leq |z_1 - z_2|.$

Put $a = z_2 - z_1$ et $b = z_1$, we have

$$|z_2| = |z_2 - z_1 + z_1| \leq |z_2 - z_1| + |z_1|$$

due $|z_2| - |z_1| \leq |z_2 - z_1| = |z_1 - z_2|.$

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$$||z_1| - |z_2|| = \max(|z_1| - |z_2|, |z_2| - |z_1|) \leq |z_1 - z_2|.$$

$\mathcal{Q} \Rightarrow \mathcal{P}$: Let $(z_1, z_2) \in \mathbb{C}^2$. Par hyp.:

$$\forall (a, b) \in \mathbb{C}^2, ||a| - |b|| \leq |a - b|.$$

Put $a = z_1 + z_2$ et $b = z_2$, we have

$$|z_1 + z_2| - |z_2| \leq |z_1 + z_2 - z_2| \leq |z_1|$$

due $|z_1 + z_2| \leq |z_1| + |z_2|.$